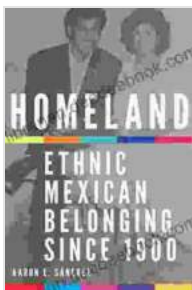


# Ethnic Mexican Belonging Since 1900: New Directions in Tejano History

The history of ethnic Mexicans in the United States is a long and complex one, dating back to the early days of Spanish colonization. In the early 20th century, large numbers of Mexicans began to immigrate to the United States, seeking economic opportunities and a better life. Many of these immigrants settled in Texas, where they became known as Tejanos.



## Homeland: Ethnic Mexican Belonging since 1900 (New Directions in Tejano History Book 2) by Janet Dailey

★★★★★ 5 out of 5

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The Tejano community has faced many challenges over the years, including discrimination, segregation, and violence. However, Tejanos have also made significant contributions to American society, in areas such as business, politics, and the arts.

In recent years, there has been a growing interest in the history of ethnic Mexicans in the United States. Scholars are now beginning to explore the experiences of Mexican immigrants and their descendants in greater depth, and to challenge traditional narratives about their history.

This article will provide an overview of the history of ethnic Mexicans in the United States since 1900, with a focus on the Tejano community in Texas. It will discuss the challenges and opportunities faced by Mexican immigrants and their descendants, as well as the ways in which they have shaped American society.

## **Immigration and Settlement**

The first wave of Mexican immigration to the United States began in the early 1900s. Many of these immigrants were fleeing poverty and violence in Mexico, while others were seeking economic opportunities in the United States.

The majority of Mexican immigrants settled in the Southwestern United States, particularly in Texas, California, and Arizona. In Texas, Mexican immigrants were drawn to the state's booming economy, which was fueled by the oil industry and agriculture.

Mexican immigrants often faced discrimination and segregation in the United States. They were often denied access to housing, education, and employment opportunities. In some cases, they were even subjected to violence.

Despite these challenges, Mexican immigrants continued to come to the United States in search of a better life. By the 1930s, there were over 1 million Mexican immigrants living in the United States.

## **The Tejano Community**

The Tejano community in Texas is one of the oldest and most established Mexican American communities in the United States. Tejanos have a long

and rich history, dating back to the early days of Spanish colonization.

Tejanos have made significant contributions to Texas and American society. They have served in the military, fought for civil rights, and started businesses. They have also played a major role in the development of Texas culture.

However, Tejanos have also faced many challenges over the years. They have been subjected to discrimination, segregation, and violence. They have also been denied access to housing, education, and employment opportunities.

Despite these challenges, Tejanos have persevered and continued to make a positive impact on Texas and American society.

## **Challenges and Opportunities**

Mexican immigrants and their descendants have faced many challenges over the years. They have been subjected to discrimination, segregation, and violence. They have also been denied access to housing, education, and employment opportunities.

However, Mexican immigrants and their descendants have also found opportunities in the United States. They have been able to establish businesses, raise families, and contribute to American society.

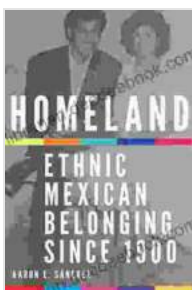
One of the challenges facing Mexican immigrants and their descendants is the issue of assimilation. Many Mexican immigrants want to maintain their cultural identity while also becoming part of American society.

Another challenge facing Mexican immigrants and their descendants is the issue of immigration reform. Many Mexican immigrants came to the United States without documentation and live in fear of being deported.

Despite these challenges, Mexican immigrants and their descendants continue to make a positive impact on American society. They are hard-working, resilient, and ambitious. They are also proud of their cultural heritage and are committed to making their communities better.

The history of ethnic Mexicans in the United States is a long and complex one. Mexican immigrants and their descendants have faced many challenges over the years, including discrimination, segregation, and violence. However, they have also found opportunities in the United States and have made significant contributions to American society.

Today, ethnic Mexicans are an important part of the American fabric. They are proud of their cultural heritage and are committed to making their communities better. They are also working to overcome the challenges they face and to achieve their full potential.



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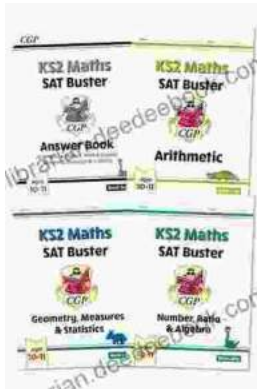
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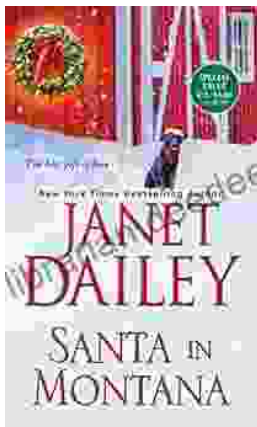
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